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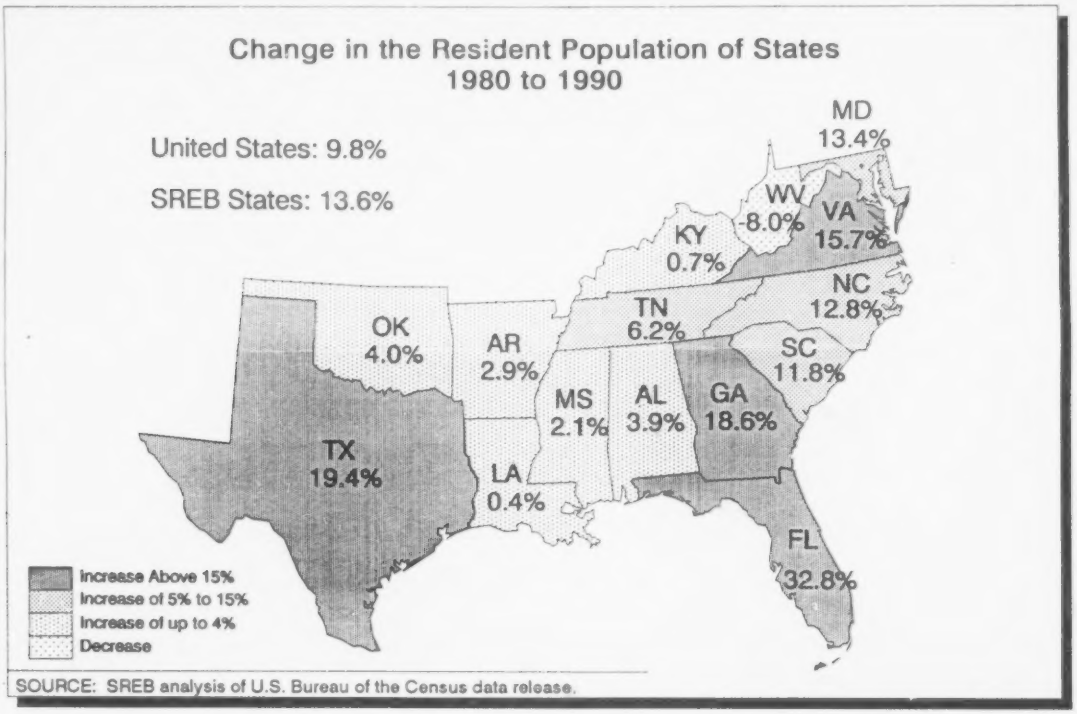
SREB Fact Book Bulletin

Reporting significant trends affecting higher education in the SREB states

February 1991



SREB States To Have Increased Representation

According to early information from the 1990 census, nearly half of the nation's "resident population" growth in the 1980s was in the SREB states--10.1 million of the nation's 22.2 million person increase.

Gains and Losses in Representation

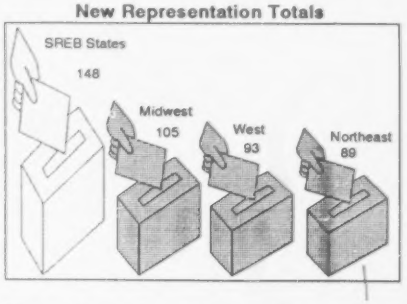
Florida, Georgia, Texas, and Virginia lead the region in population growth. These four states accounted for almost 80 percent of the region's increase. Florida's population was up 3.2 million (33 percent), followed by Texas' increase of 2.8 million (19 percent), Georgia's increase of 1 million (19 percent), and Virginia's increase of 800,000 (16 percent).

"Resident population" refers to those persons living in each respective state on the official census date. Another important population count for each state is the "apportionment population" count. This count includes military and federal civilian employees and their dependents overseas.

Based on the preliminary apportionment population counts, the SREB states will gain seven representatives in the U.S. Congress. The Western region of the country will gain eight while the Midwest will lose eight, and the Northeast, seven. After reapportionment, the SREB states will have 148 U.S. representatives, the West 93, the Midwest 105, and the Northeast 89.

Among individual SREB states, Florida, Georgia, North Carolina, Texas, and Virginia will gain seats--

New Representation Totals



Kentucky, Louisiana, and West Virginia will lose seats; and the remaining states' representation will be unchanged.

For further information about this bulletin or the *SREB Fact Book* contact Joe Marks.
Southern Regional Education Board • 592 Tenth Street, N.W. • Atlanta, Georgia 30318-5790 • 404-875-9211

Total Population, Changes and Projections

(Updates Table 1, *SREB Fact Book on Higher Education, 1990)*

	Resident Population April 1, 1990* (000s)	Percent Change					
		Past				Projected	
		1950–1960	1960–1970	1970–1980	1980–1990	1990–2000	2000–2010
United States	248,710	18.5	13.4	11.4	9.8	7.7	5.3
SREB States	84,173	16.7	14.4	20.5	13.6	11.9	8.3
SREB States as a Percent of U.S.	33.9						
Alabama	4,041	6.7	5.4	13.0	3.9	7.9	2.5
Arkansas	2,351	−6.5	7.7	18.9	2.9	6.7	2.0
Florida	12,938	78.7	37.1	43.4	32.8	26.1	20.8
Georgia	6,478	14.5	16.4	19.1	18.6	23.6	17.2
Kentucky	3,685	3.2	6.0	13.7	0.7	0.1	−3.4
Louisiana	4,220	21.4	11.9	15.3	0.4	−1.9	−6.4
Maryland	4,781	32.4	26.5	7.5	13.4	17.3	14.9
Mississippi	2,573	−0.0	1.8	13.7	2.1	7.7	3.1
North Carolina	6,629	12.2	11.6	15.5	12.8	16.4	13.2
Oklahoma	3,146	4.2	10.0	18.2	4.0	−7.0	−9.0
South Carolina	3,487	12.6	8.7	20.4	11.8	13.6	8.6
Tennessee	4,877	8.4	10.1	16.9	6.2	11.2	5.6
Texas	16,987	24.2	16.9	27.1	19.4	5.0	0.9
Virginia	6,187	19.1	17.6	14.9	15.7	17.6	13.0
West Virginia	1,793	−7.3	−6.2	11.8	−8.0	−7.9	−10.2

* These 1990 population counts are subject to to possible correction. Corrected counts, if any, will be published not later than July 15, 1991 by the U.S. Department of Commerce.

NOTE: The projections chosen use historical data, place limits on the trends, and place extra weight on the most recent data.

SOURCES: U.S. Bureau of the Census, "Release CB91–07" (December 1990); *Current Population Reports*, Series P–25, No.1053 (1990); *U.S. Census of Population 1950* and *1960* and *1970.*

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